

APPLICATION  
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**TITLE:** PROVIDING A VIEWER INCENTIVE WITH VIDEO  
CONTENT

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PROVIDING A VIEWER INCENTIVE WITH VIDEO CONTENT

Background

This invention relates to communicating ancillary information associated with a plurality of audio/video programs, such as television content associated with a 5 plurality of channels.

Ancillary information, such as program subtitles, emergency messages, closed caption messages and program guide information, may be transmitted with regular television content. Other types of ancillary information 10 that may be sent with television content includes enhancement data such as web pages, multimedia information or other digital data files. Ancillary information may be sent during the vertical blanking interval (VBI) of an analog television broadcast signal. Alternatively, the 15 ancillary information may be sent with digital television content over a digital transport medium.

Various standards exist that provide for transmission of ancillary information with television content. One standard is the Advanced Television Enhancement Forum 20 (ATVEF) Specification, Draft 1.1r.26, dated February 2, 1999. The ATVEF Specification provides for transmission of enhancement data along with television content in both analog and digital systems, such as cable systems,

satellite systems, terrestrial systems, and so forth. The combination of enhancement data and the television content may be referred to as enhanced television content.

Enhanced television content provides more information  
5 options to viewers. For example, a viewer may be presented with the option of viewing advertisements, educational information and so forth while watching regular television programming.

With more competition, television providers are  
10 increasingly interested in ways to increase viewer loyalty. Commonly, viewers may surf between different channels switching from program to program. Particularly, during the transmission of commercials, viewers may try other channels or may leave temporarily. This decreases the  
15 effectiveness of the commercials and therefore diminishes the desirability of the television content to advertisers. This ultimately means that, increasingly, broadcasting cost may ultimately be borne by the viewer in terms of pay or pay-per-view television.

20 Thus, there is a need for better ways to increase the viewer loyalty of viewers of video programming.

#### Brief Description of the Drawings

Figure 1 is a schematic depiction of a system for broadcasting television content together with viewer  
25 incentives;

Figure 2 is a schematic depiction of a data packet for the system shown in Figure 1;

Figure 3 is a schematic depiction of a plurality of data packets for a system of the type shown in Figure 1  
5 that make up a given television transmission;

Figure 4 is a depiction of a display screen showing a graphical user interface in accordance with one embodiment of the present invention;

Figure 5 is a depiction of a display screen showing  
10 another graphical user interface in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention;

Figure 6 is a flow chart for software for implementing  
on embodiment of the present invention; and

Figure 7 is a flow chart for software resident on the  
15 transmitter in according with one embodiment of the invention.

#### Detailed Description

Referring to Figure 1, an information delivery system  
10 according to one embodiment of the present invention  
20 includes a content creator or transmitter 12, a transport system 14 and a plurality of receivers 16. The receivers 16 may be located in a variety of distributed sites. The content creator or transmitter 12 originates enhancement data 15 (or other type of ancillary information) and  
25 television content 13 (or other types of content including

audio and/or video data) to be transmitted by the transport system 14.

Alternatively, the transmitter 12 may create enhancement data with television content provided by 5 another source to the system 14. Enhancement data may include graphics (e.g., web pages, multimedia information or other digital data files), presentation layouts and synchronization information. The combination of enhancement data and television content is referred to as 10 enhanced television content.

The transport operator system 14 provides an enhanced television content delivery infrastructure that may include terrestrial, cable, satellite or other types of transmission facilities (either analog or digital).

15 Enhanced television content may be transmitted over a transport medium that may be a terrestrial, cable, satellite or other type of link to the receiver 16. The receiver 16 may be a television, set-top box, personal computer or other types of processor-based systems adapted 20 to receive television content and associated enhancement data.

As used in this description, the term audio/video (A/V) content is intended to include any type of audio and/or video data and may be transmitted and distributed to 25 one or more receiving sites for presentation to viewers and/or listeners. As used here, A/V content may refer to

content that may include both an audio and a video portion or one or more audio or video portions. Further, ancillary information other than enhancement data may be transmitted with the A/V content. For example, ancillary information  
5 may include program subtitles, emergency messages, closed caption messages and program guide information.

Thus, the transport stream may contain audio, video and data such as ancillary information, all tightly associated with a single transport stream program.

10 Alternatively, the A/V content may be transmitted separately from but in association with the ancillary information. When the user tunes to the transport stream program, the receiving device can determine the associated audio, video and data, for example because they are all  
15 marked as being part of the same program.

One standard for describing transmission of enhancement data with television content is the ATVEF Specification. The enhancement data may be transmitted in a number of different ways from the transport operator system 14 to the  
20 receiver 16, depending on the type of transport medium utilized. For example, with an analog transport medium such as the National Television System Committee (NTSC) Standard of the Electronics Industries Association, portions of the enhancement data may be sent to the vertical blanking interval (VBI) of the NTSC transmission. A description of  
25 NTSC may be found the book "Video Demystified: A Handbook

for the Digital Engineer" by Keith Jack, published High Text Publication (2d, Ed. 1996). Other types of transport media (analog or digital) may provide different mechanisms of communicating the enhancement data.

5       The enhancement data according to the ATVEF Specification may include enhancements each having the following components: a ATVEF announcement, a resource and a trigger. The three components may be transmitted using Internet protocol (IP) multicast to the receivers. An IP  
10      multicast standard is described in Request for Comment (RFC 1301) entitled "Multicast Transport Protocol". RFCs may be available at web site address <http://www.ietf.org/rfc.html>.

Generally, an ATVEF announcement indicates an enhancement data is being transmitted and a resource  
15      includes one or more files that contain the enhancement data and a trigger synchronizes the enhancement data with the TV transmission. An announcement may describe the location of both the resource stream and the trigger stream. For each television channel, one or more enhancements may be offered  
20      as choices presented to the user, who can select which of the enhancements, if any, to view. The ATVEF Specification uses a one-way transmission protocol (the Unidirectional Hypertext Transfer Protocol or UHTTP described in the ATVEF Specification) to deliver resource data.

25       In one embodiment of the invention, the announcements, resources and triggers associated with an A/V channel may

be delivered at about the same time as, and with the transmission of, the A/V content on that channel. Alternatively, ancillary data may be transmitted separately for subsequent association with the A/V content.

5 Conventionally, for each enhancement, the resource stream may be delivered along with the announcement, with the resource stream stored locally in the receiver 16. If a viewer so desires, the enhancement data may be retrieved at the receiver from local storage for viewing.

10 In accordance with one embodiment of the present invention, the enhancement data stream includes not only conventional enhancement data, but also viewer loyalty incentives 17. The term "viewer loyalty incentive" refers to any information which is transmitted to the receiver to reward the viewer for continuously viewing a given program, commercial or series of programs. Generally, such incentives accumulate so that the more time the viewer continuously watches a given transmission, the greater the viewer loyalty incentive.

15 20 The incentives may include coupons for discounted products, games, stickers, trading cards, video clips, pictures, music, audio material, and textual material as examples.

Referring next to Figure 2, the transmitted packet  
25 information 20 may include a header 22, data 24 and a incentive portion 26. The incentive portion 26 may include

the information making up all or part of an incentive. Thus, a plurality of such packets 20 may be necessary to accumulate enough information to create the entire incentive. In such case, if the viewer only receives a 5 number of packets less than the entire set, the viewer may not receive enough information to make a useful incentive.

As one example, an electronic coupon or collecting card may be provided, but unless the viewer receives a plurality of packets 20 only a portion of the overall award 10 may be available. Thus, referring to Figure 4, a display 28 may be provided in which the entire incentive, indicated at 30, may be shown in dotted lines. However, if the viewer did not view the entire subject matter which is associated with the coupon or incentive, the viewer may 15 receive only a portion of the overall incentive 30. In some embodiments of the present invention, that portion may be useless. In such case, the viewer may be required to receive a number of packets 20 sufficient to create the entire incentive.

20 Referring to Figure 3, as a hypothetical example, the entire transmission which must be viewed to receive the incentive, is indicated as series of packets 20a through 20h. Every other packet may include a portion 26 of the overall incentive. When the viewer receives enough of the 25 transmission to collect all four incentive portions 26a

through 26d, the viewer may then be able to access the entire coupon or incentive.

The viewer may be provided with software on the viewer's system which enables the viewer to display the incentives earned so far. Thus, in this example, the entire incentive may be indicated at 30 but a viewer only having received a quarter of the necessary incentive portions 26 may see a display of only a quarter of the overall incentive as indicated at 32.

In one embodiment of the present invention, electronic collecting cards may be progressively received by continuous loyalty to a given program, transmission or series of programs. The user may progressively receive a number of electronic cards, each provided in the form of an image download. These image downloads 34 may be collected into a display book 28. Thus, the user may be treated to a graphical user interface display which includes a series of pages 36 each including a number of trading cards 34 which have been downloaded as incentives for viewer loyalty.

Referring to Figure 6, the incentive software 39 may be associated with the receiver 16 and a incentive storage 18. The incentive storage 18 may include the software or script which may be downloaded from the transmitter to the receiver and may further include stored information parsed from the transport 14 and associated with the coupon or incentive feature.

Initially, the receiver 16 software 39 determines whether a channel has been requested as indicated at 40. If so, the system tunes to that particular channel and the multiplexed data is received from the transmitter. The 5 system parses the enhanced content from the television content if the enhanced content and television content are transmitted together, as indicated in block 42. Thereafter, within the enhanced content, the coupon or incentive data may be further parsed as indicated in block 10 44.

In order to prevent a user from simply leaving the television tuned to a particular program, the viewer may be asked to respond to an inquiry. For example, the viewer may be asked to provide an input in response to a question 15 on the screen as indicated in block 46. If the viewer fails to respond, the flow cycles back to the beginning without storing the incentive data that has been received. If this feature is not desired (as determined at diamond 45) it may be bypassed.

20 Conversely, if the viewer responds to the inquiry, the incentive data may then be stored and is effectively earned by the viewer. Thereafter, the viewer may make an inquiry for status information as indicated in diamond 52. In such case, as indicated in 54, the viewer may be provided with 25 the display of the type shown in Figure 4. Absent an

inquiry for such a display, the flow may recycle back to the beginning.

In addition, the viewer may request the overall status of all the incentives that have been received as indicated 5 in diamond 56. In such case, the user may receive a display of the collection of incentives the viewer has received as indicated in block 58. For example, a incentive book or a collection of trading cards may be displayed in a graphical user interface which operates like 10 a book. The user may turn from page to page by clicking on an appropriate icon as indicated at 60 and 62 so that the viewer may page, page by page, through the incentive book.

In one embodiment of the present invention, all of the available incentives may be initially displayed in a faint 15 form. When the viewer receives the particular incentive, it may then be highlighted in a full color detailed display. Thus, the viewer can determine which incentives have not yet been earned and may seek to obtain them by viewing the appropriate content.

20 In still another embodiment of the present invention, incentive information may be in the form of a key. When sufficient information is provided to activate the key, the key may be utilized as a credit to make on-line purchase selections. The keys may be utilized either for discounts 25 or to receive free products. These products may be actual

products that may be sent to the viewer or may be in the form of electronic downloads of information.

Referring to Figure 7, the incentive distribution software 70 begins by receiving video content, as indicated in block 72, from a content provider. Ancillary information including the viewer loyalty incentive is also received as indicated in block 74. The video content and the ancillary information is then transmitted either in combination or at separate times as indicated in block 76. 10 The viewer loyalty incentives may be transmitted progressively so that as viewers continue to watch programs, they receive more incentives.

In one embodiment of the present invention, the control of storage of the incentives is on the receiving unit, the same control may be provided from the transmitter. That is, the transmitter may, for example through a back channel, receive information about the viewer's inattentiveness. If the viewer is no longer actually present, the transmitter may stop transmitting the 20 viewer incentives in accordance with one embodiment of the present invention.

While the present invention has been described with respect to a limited number of embodiments, those skilled in the art will appreciate numerous modifications and 25 variations therefrom. It is intended that the appended

claims cover all such modifications and variations as fall within the true spirit and scope of this present invention.

What is claimed is:

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